

















































Enter data	on aroun size	aroun	means ai	nd arour	ood std de	wiations in	area below					
No other da	ita need be e	ntered. (Other cells	s are loci	ked.	Viacions in	diea below					
ENTE		0.00	1		Poculte							
ENTE	# persons	quintile	quintile	_	Results							
Quintile	per quintile	means	std devs	5								
1	1002	0.059	5	C		-0.1841						
2	949	0.034	1	var(CI)	0.0029						
3	1002	0.040	5	se(0	CI)	0.0537						
4	1082	0.028	1	t-test	(CI)	-3.43						
5	1200	0.02 1	5									
Wealth	No. of	rel %	cumul %	P	LISMR				K1	K3		
group	births	births	births	ĸ	USIVIX	f_mu	cum_f_mu	q	CI	f_mu_R	а	f. a ²
Description	1 000	10.00/	10.00/	0.404	0.0505	0 0110	0 0110	0.0104		0.0011	0 (100	0.070
Poorest	1,002	18.9%	18.9% 36.7%	9.4%	0.0595	0.0112	0.0112	0.3124	-0.0238	0.0011	0.6482	0.079
Middle	1.002	18.9%	55.6%	46.1%	0.0405	0.0076	0.0249	0.6945	-0.0529	0.0035	0.9440	0.168
4th	1,082	20.4%	75.9%	65.7%	0.0281	0.0057	0.0307	0.8538	-0.0946	0.0038	0.8421	0.1443
	1,280	24.1%	100.0%	88.0%	0.0218	0.0053	0.0359	1.0000	0.0000	0.0046	0.7188	0.1244
Richest										0 10 11		0 400























Extended concentration index and achievement index for four statin treatment approaches, with increasing aversion to inequity Extended Concentration Ind Observed Observed (No Universal (No Universal FRS SES-5 Hybrid Treatment) FRS SES-5 Hybrid Rx Treatment) Rx 0 0 0 0 0 5.47 4.37 Column A B C D E





Extended concentration index and achievement index for four statin treatment approaches, with increasing aversion to inequity											
	E	xtended C		Achievement index = mean * (1 - Cl)							
Inequity	Observed					Observed					
Aversion	(No	FDC		Liste at al	Universal	(No	FDC	CFC 5	المتحد والمرا	Universal	
parameter	Treatment)	гкэ	353-3	пургіа	ĸx	(reatment)	FKS	353-3	пургіа	KX	
1	0	0	0	0	0	5.4/	5.01	5.01	4.97	4.3/	
2	-0.133				-0.133	6.19				4.95	
5	-0.311				-0.311	7.16				5.73	
						Column A	В	С	D	E	















Thank you















Health equity: fundamental to a just society?

"For the distribution of wealth is the product of the legal order: a citizens wealth massively depends on which laws his community has enacted – not only its law governing ownership, theft, contract and tort, but its welfare law, tax law, labor law, civil rights law... and laws of practically everything else. When government enacts or sustains one set of such laws rather than another, it is not only predictable that some citizens' lives will be worsened by its choice but also, to a considerable degree, which citizens these will be... We must be prepared to explain, to those who suffer in that way, why they have nevertheless been treated with equal concern that is their right."

Ronald Dworkin

Example: child death in India											
	Table	1 · Und	er-five d	leaths in	India 1	982-92					
Wealth	No. of	rel %	cumul %	USMR	No. of	rel %	cumul %	Conc			
group	births	births	births	per 1000	deaths	deaths	deaths	index			
Poorest	29939	23%	23%	154.7	4632	30%	30%	-0.0008			
2nd	28776	22%	45%	152.9	4400	29%	59%	-0.0267			
Middle	26528	20%	66%	119.5	3170	21%	79%	-0.0592			
4th	24689	19%	85%	86.9	2145	14%	93%	-0.0827			
Richest	19739	15%	100%	54.3	1072	7%	100%	0.0000			
Total/average	129671			118.8	15419			-0.1694			
World Bank Quantitative Techniques for Health Equity Analysis—Technical Note #7											

